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DATA CENTER v2.0

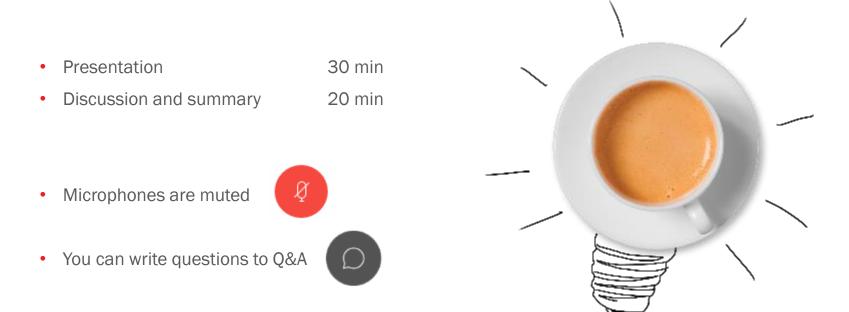
23. 6. 2022 9:00 - 10:00 hod.

Change in thinking and building data center network infrastructure





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Are you looking to improve your IT flexibility?

Is scaling up your physical data center too slow and cumbersome?

Software-Defined Data Center is the solution



Part #1/5

Why Software-Defined Data Center?

- What is SDDC?
- Key components
- Benefits and Challenges
- Major market players

What is Software-Defined Data Center?

Since the introduction of server virtualization years ago, organizations have recognized the value of pooling infrastructure resources. By abstracting compute resources from physical servers, server virtualization helps speed provisioning, improve system utilization and reduce hardware expenditures.

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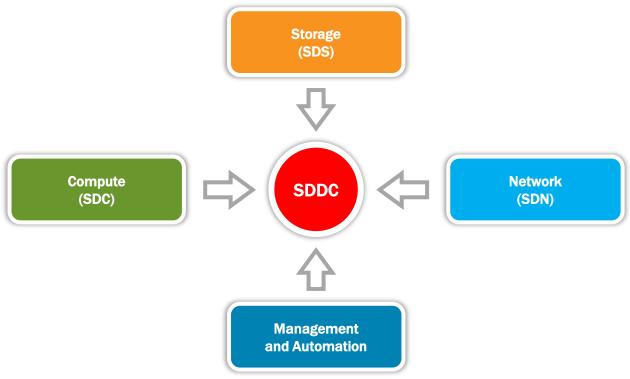
The SDDC results from years of evolution in server virtualization. It extends virtualization from compute to storage and networking resources, and it provides a single software toolset to manage those virtualized resources. Plus, the SDDC enables policy-driven automation of provisioning and management, which speeds delivery of resources and enhances efficiency.

source: IBM

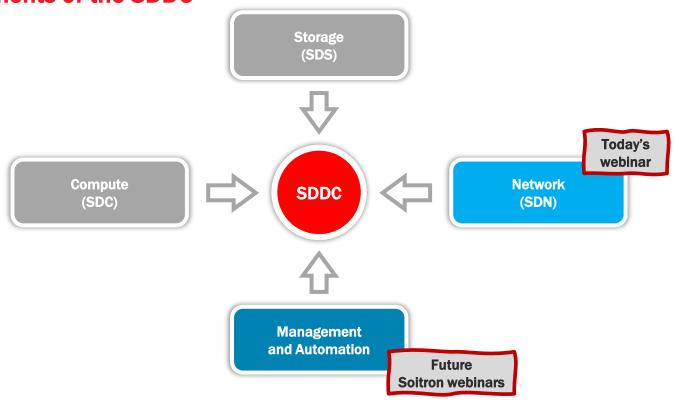
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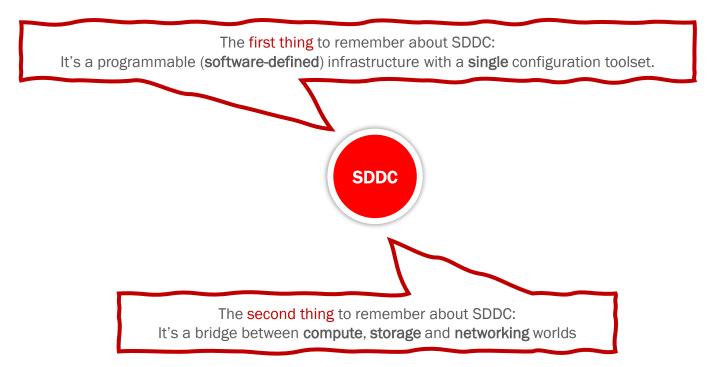
Key components of the SDDC



Key components of the SDDC



Remember



SDDC Benefits

Short-terms

- Speed time to provision new resources is drastically reduced
- Agility you can optimize compute, storage and networking without physical changes to the infrastructure

Long-term

- Reduced Cost Pooling resources improves utilization of infrastructure → less infrastructure sits idle
- Predictibility

Other

- You can run SDDC on-premise, private/public cloud or hybrid
- Adopting an SDDC approach also helps establish a path toward infrastructure and application modernization
- Automation DevOps, NetOps

A key factors #1 Separation of control and data plane #2 Abstraction of app/services from underlying hardware



Challenges

- Choosing the right SDDC/SDN platforms
- Difficult planning and integration
- New technical skills
- Cross-team agreement (development, application, networking, security, business...)

A key factor is change in thinking and building data center network infrastructure

SDDC networking vendors

Major market players:

- Juniper Apstra
- Arista Cloudvision
- VMware Nsx
- Cisco ACI









cisco. ACI

source: Gartner 2020





Future of Data Center

Just as isolated networks evolved into the internet, SDDCs are expected to have a similar impact on computing in the data center.

The ability to abstract the application layer from underlying physical hardware allows an application to be served from multiple data centers.

SDDC provides common virtual (software-defined) infrastructure for migrating computing resources between on-premise, cloud and hybrid data centers.

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source: techtarget.com

Part #2/5 SDDC Networking Motivation

- Legacy networking
- SDDC network principles a.k.a. SDN
- Example

Legacy Networking

Configuration on each device (finger defined datacenter)

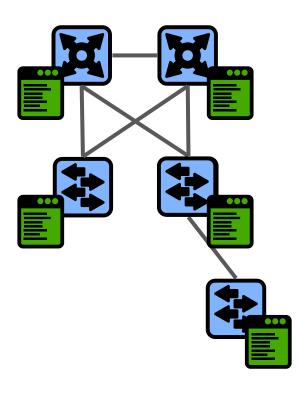
- Basics: AAA, syslog, SNMP...
- L3 config: IP, routing, VRF, HSRP/VRRP...
- L2 config: VLAN, STP, Ether-Channel...
- Other: ACL, PBR, QoS, device hardening...

Pros

Simplicity

Cons

- Too many configurations
- Risk of misconfiguration (human error, forgotten config)
- Common Data and Control plane



SDDC network principles

Configuration for whole fabric in one place

- All settings represented as an object model
- Configuration accessible through GUI, Rest API and CLI
- Faster and unified configuration with less mistakes

Pros

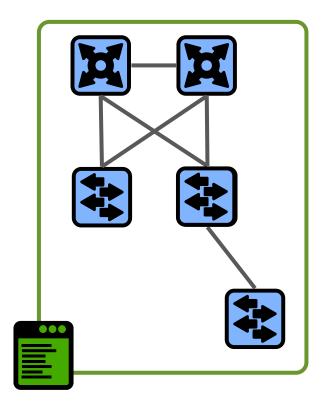
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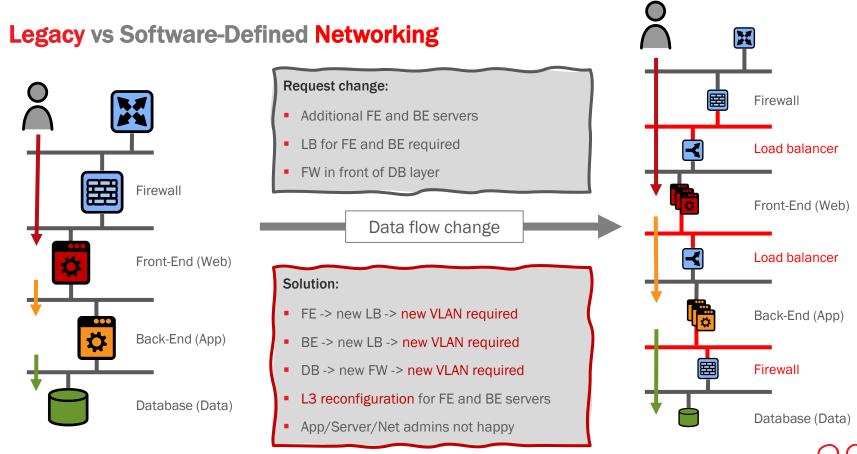
Cons

- One configuration view
- Rest API -> automation
- Control and Data plane

Complexity

Long learning curve*

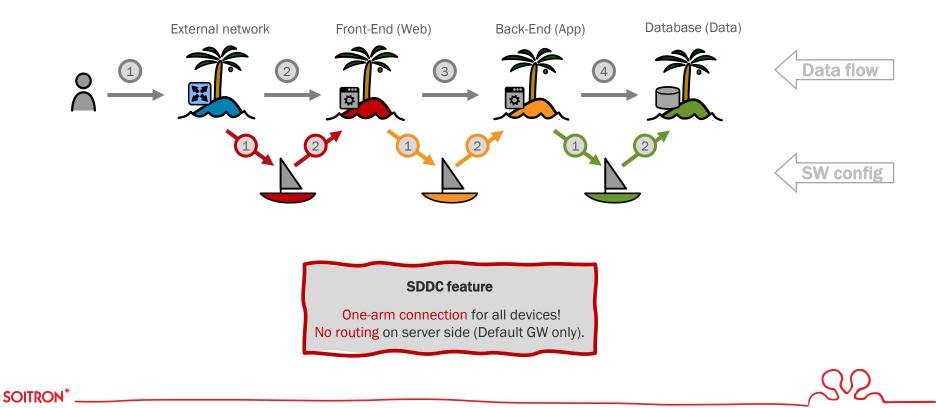




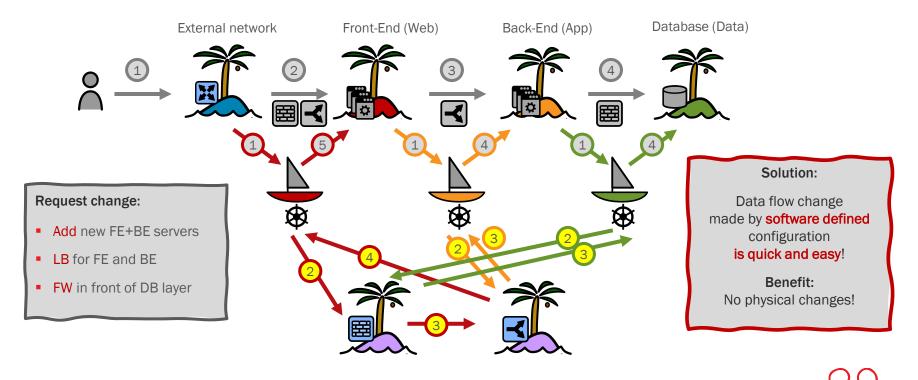
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Legacy vs Software-Defined Networking (high-level of abstraction :))



Legacy vs Software-Defined Networking – data flow change



Legacy Networking vs Software-Defined Networking summary

Legacy Networking

Pros

- Many "legacy admins" resources
- Straightforward change (easy to imagine)

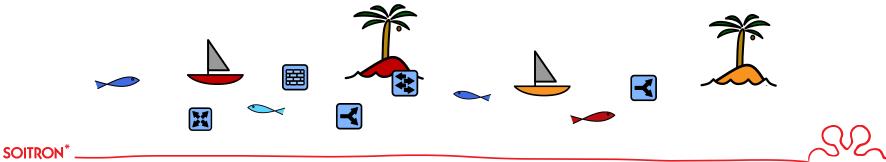
Cons

- Data flow change needs (very often) network topology change at physical layer
- IP config and routing table change on servers

Software-Defined Networking

Pros

- Data flow change without physical topology change
- Change made by GUI or (preferred) automation tools
 Cons
- Complexity (difficult to imagine)
- Long Learning Curve



Part #3/5 SDDC Networking Cisco ACI

- Cisco ACI
- Under the hood
- Terminology
- Cisco ACI and boats what's common?

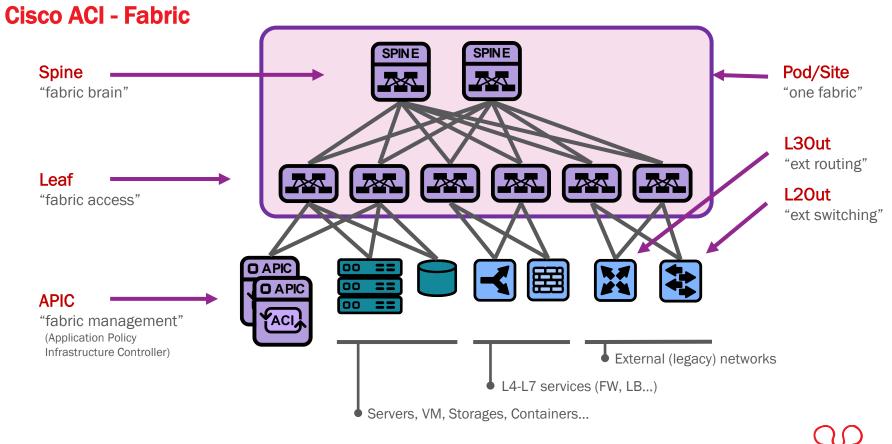
Cisco ACI

- Cisco ACI is a Software-Defined Networking solution designed for Data Centers
- Cisco ACI is Application Centric Infrastructure architecture
- Based on ACI Fabric OS (same system in whole fabric) and Nexus 9000 switches family
- Underlay protocols unify ACI policies for on-premise, cloud-based and hybrid environments
- Cisco ACI solutions:
 - One operation model same config steps for 4 or 40 switches
 - Zero-trust network architecture
 - provides network environment for Containers / VMs

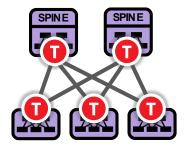


cisco Partner





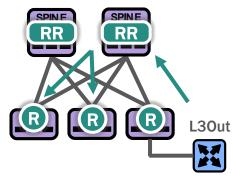
Cisco ACI - under the hood



Underlay protocols

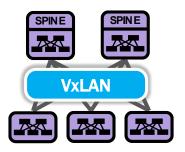
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- IP reachability between nodes
- ISIS routing between TEPs
- Forwarding control plane isolation



External Routing protocols

- Redistribution of ext. routes
- MP-BGP routing (spines = RR)

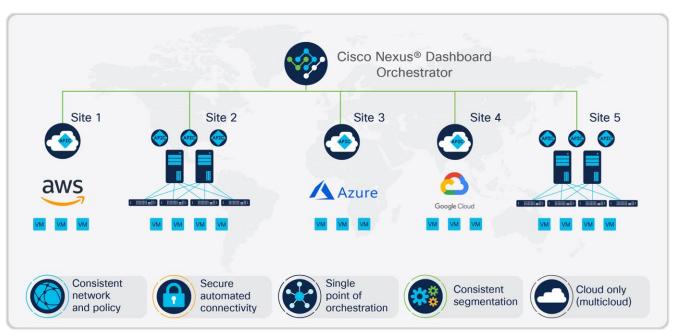


Overlay protocols

- L2 / L3 segmentation
- VxLAN evpn tunneling
- Connecting endpoints between leaves, pods or data centers

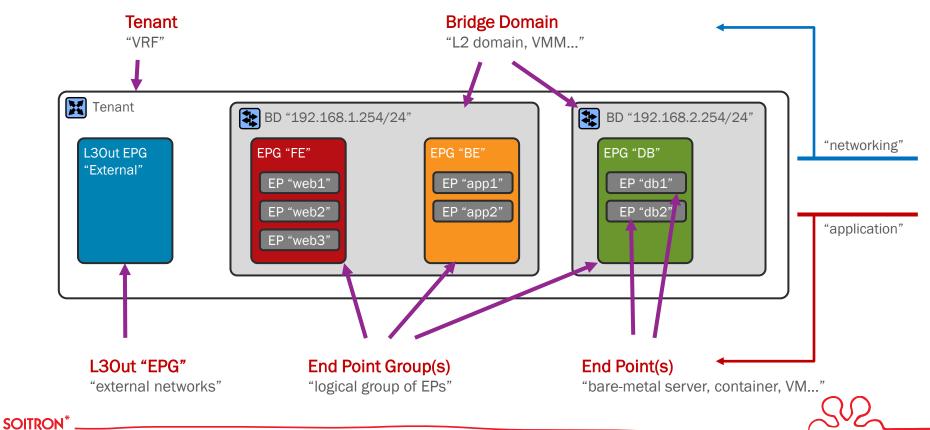
All provisioned by automation No manual config or knowledge needed

Multi-Site Infrastructure

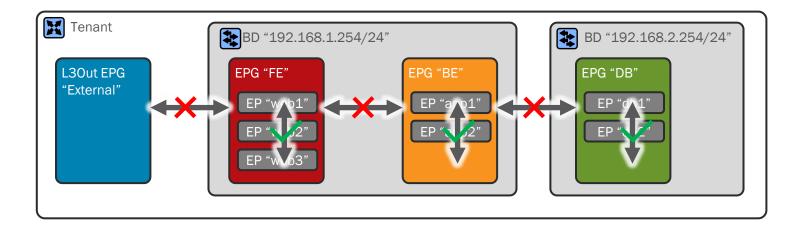


source: Cisco

Cisco ACI Terminology – part #1

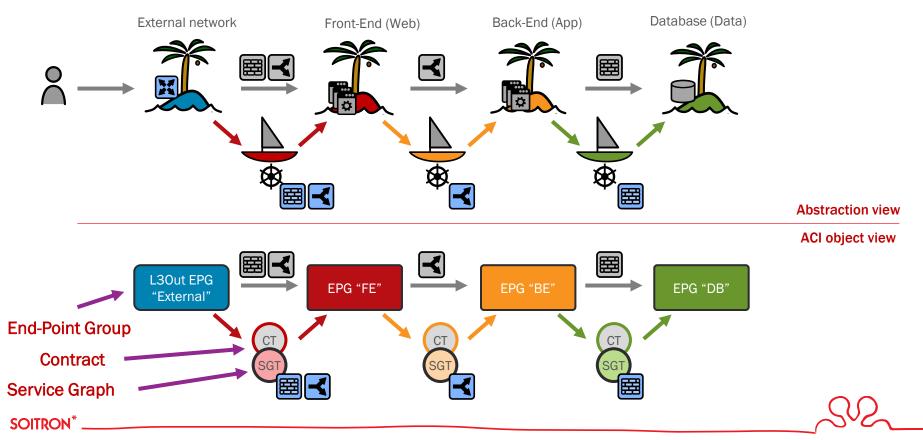


Cisco ACI Terminology – part #2





Cisco ACI Terminology – part #3



Part #4/5 SDDC Networking Reality and Experience

- Next Networking paradigm shift
- Our insight

Networking paradigm shift

Digital Transformation

- Deploy resources faster and more flexibly
 - Create and destroy services as you go
 - Make decisions faster and adapt as needed
- Keep critical assets, including data and systems, secure
- Faster repetitive tasks > less mistakes > faster revenue

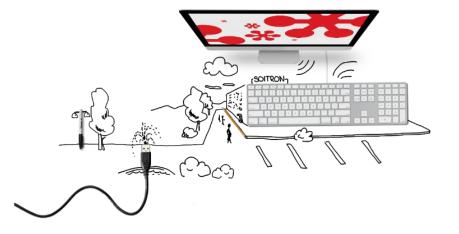
New challenges

- Technology focus of the teams overlaps
- Utilize automation tools and processes
- Integrating infrastructure to DevOps cycle
 - Continuous integration
 - Continuous delivery



Our insight

- Expectation vs reality
- Test your design, expect problems and stick to vendor validated designs
- Biggest challenge is to communicate new approach, not to build it
- Focus on smooth migration, there is no green field
- Very few engineers update the documentation. Almost nobody reads it



Part #5/5

What's next?...

- NetOps Automation
 - Cisco ACI
 - Cisco FMC/FTD
 - F5 LTM, AFM...
- SDDC and Cloud
- VM/container integration





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